



MEGA MATH QUIZ 2025 - GRADE (9 & 10)

DROP OUT ROUND/FIRST ROUND

TOTAL MARKS: 100

TIME DURATION: 30 MINUTES

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CLASS/GRADE: 1

CATEGORY: MEGA MATH

SCHOOL/INSTITUTION NAME: BEACONHOUSE SCHOOL SYSTEM

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IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUIZ

- This question paper contains 20 MCQS. Each question carries 5 marks.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 5 marks will be deducted for a wrong and unattempt question.
- Over writing is not allowed.
- Kindly circle ☐ only one correct answer.
- Use only blue pen/pencil to answer the question.
- Go through your question paper before submission.
- Don't open this questionnaire until you are instructed by your invigilator



1. The set of all first elements of ordered pairs in a relation is called:
 a) Range b) **Domain** c) Co-domain d) Function
2. A function in which every element of the domain has a unique image is called:
 a) Relation b) **Function** c) Mapping d) Equation
3. A polynomial of degree 2 is called:
 a) Linear polynomial b) **Quadratic polynomial** c) Cubic polynomial d) Bi-quadratic polynomial
4. The highest power of the variable in a polynomial is called:
 a) Coefficient b) Constant term c) **Degree** d) Factor
5. The value of a variable that makes an equation true is called:
 a) Expression b) **Root** c) Factor d) Term
6. The line which divides a line segment into two equal parts at 90° is called:
 a) Median b) Altitude c) **Perpendicular bisector** d) Tangent
7. The sum of the interior angles of a polygon with n sides is given by:
 a) $180 \times n$ b) $90 \times (n - 2)$ c) **$180 \times (n - 2)$** d) $360 \times n$
8. A polygon with all sides equal and all angles equal is called:
 a) Irregular polygon b) **Regular polygon** c) Rhombus d) Quadrilateral
9. A line that touches a circle at exactly one point is called:
 a) Chord b) Diameter c) **Tangent** d) Secant
10. A line that cuts a circle at two points is called:
 a) Tangent b) Radius c) **Secant** d) Diameter
11. The ratio of the circumference of a circle to its diameter is always:
 a) 2 b) 3 c) **π** d) 22
12. A triangle in which all three sides are unequal is called:
 a) Equilateral b) Isosceles c) **Scalene** d) Right
13. The perpendicular drawn from the vertex of a triangle to the opposite side is called:
 a) Median b) **Altitude** c) Bisector d) Radius
14. The line joining the midpoints of two sides of a triangle is called:
 a) Altitude b) Angle bisector c) **Mid-segment** d) Radius
15. The probability of an impossible event is always:
 a) 1 b) **0** c) $\frac{1}{2}$ d) Undefined

16. The probability of a sure event is always:

- a) 0 b) $\frac{1}{2}$ c) 1 d) Cannot be found

17. The distance of a point from the origin (0,0) is given by:

- a) $x + y$ b) $x^2 + y^2$ c) $\sqrt{(x^2 + y^2)}$ d) $x - y$

18. A solid with one curved surface and two circular bases is called:

- a) Cone b) Sphere c) Cylinder d) Pyramid

19. A solid with one curved surface, one circular base, and one vertex is called:

- a) Sphere b) Cylinder c) Cone d) Cube

20. A solid with 6 equal square faces is called:

- a) Cuboid b) Prism c) Cube d) Pyramid

